

Highly Integrated Offline Current Mode PWM Power Switch

FEATURES

- Integrated with 600V Power MOSFET
- ±1% CV Regulation
- Less than 75mW Standby Power
- Fixed 65KHz Switching Frequency
- Green Mode and Burst Mode Control
- Very Low Startup and Operation Current
- Built-in Frequency Shuffling to Reduce EMI
- Built-in Current Mode Control with
 Internal Slope Compensation
- Built-in Protections with Auto Recovery:
 - VDD Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)
 - VDD Over Voltage Protection (OVP)
 - On-Chip Thermal Shutdown (OTP)
 - Cycle-by-Cycle Current Limiting
 - Over Load Protection (OLP)
 - CS Pin Float Protection
- Available with SOP-7/8 Package

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DP2353 is a high performance current mode PWM power switch for offline flyback converter applications.

In DP2353, PWM switching frequency with shuffling is fixed to 65KHz and is trimmed to tight range. The IC has built-in green and burst mode control for light and zero loadings, which can achieve less than 75mW standby power.

DP2353 integrates functions and protections of Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO), VDD over Voltage Protection (VDD OVP), Cycle-by-cycle Current Limiting (OCP), Over Load Protection (OLP), On-Chip Thermal Shutdown (OTP), Soft Start, VDD Clamping and CS Pin Float Protection, etc.

APPLICATIONS

- Power Adapter
- General Switch Mode Power Supply
- TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT





Pin Configuration



Marking Information



Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Number	I/O	Description
1	NA		Un-connection Pin. Left float in the practical design
2	VDD	Р	IC power supply pin
3	FB	I	Feedback pin. The loop regulation is achieved by connecting a photo-coupler to this pin. PWM duty cycle is determined by this pin voltage and the current sense signal at Pin 4
4	CS	I	Current Sense Input Pin
5,6	Drain	0	The Power MOSFET Drain
7,8	GND	Р	The Ground of the IC



Ordering Information

Part Number	Description		
DP2353	SOP7/SOP8, Pb free, 4000Pcs/Rel		

Block Diagram





Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Parameter	Value	Unit
VDD DC Supply Voltage	30	V
VDD DC Clamp Current	10	mA
Drain Pin	-0.3 to 600	V
FB, CS Voltage Range	-0.3 to 7	V
Package Thermal ResistanceJunction to Ambient(DIP-7)	105	°C/W
Maximum Junction Temperature	175	°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65 to 150	°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec.)	260	°C
ESD Capability, HBM (Human Body Model)	4	kV
ESD Capability, MM (Machine Model)	500	V

Recommended Operation Conditions (Note 2)

Parameter	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage, VDD	10 to 26	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to 85	°C

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, VIN=12V, if not otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Supply Voltage Section(VDD Pin)							
I _{VDD_st}	Start-up current into VDD pin			2	20	uA	
I _{VDD_Op}	Operation Current	V _{FB} =3V		1.2	2	mA	
I _{VDD_standby}	Standby Current			0.6	1	mA	
V _{DD_ON}	VDD Under Voltage Lockout Exit		19	21	21.5	V	
VDD_OFF	VDD Under Voltage Lockout Enter		8	9	10	V	
V _{DD_OVP}	VDD OVP Threshold		29	31	33	V	
V _{DD_Clamp}	VDD Zener Clamp Voltage	I(V _{DD})=7 mA	33	35	37	V	
Feedback Input Section (FB Pin)							
V _{FB_Open}	FB Open Voltage			5.9		V	
I _{FB_Short}	FB Short Circuit Current	Short FB Pin to GND, Measure Current		0.3		mA	
Z _{FB_IN}	FB Input Impedance			20		KΩ	
Acs	PWM Gain	$\Delta V_{FB} / \Delta V_{CS}$		2.0		V/V	



DP2353 Highly Integrated Offline Current Mode PWM Power Switch

V _{skip}	FB Under Voltage PWM Clock is OFF			1.0		V
V _{TH_OLP}	Power Limiting FB Threshold Voltage			3.6		V
T _{D_OLP}	Power Limiting Debounce Time	SEL Pin is floating		75		ms
Current Sen	se Input Section (CS Pin)					
T _{LEB}	CS Input Leading Edge Blanking Time			250		ns
V _{cs(max)}	Current limiting threshold		0.97	1.0	1.03	V
T _{D_OC}	Over Current Detection and Control Delay			70		ns
Oscillator Se	ection					
Fosc	Normal Oscillation Frequency		60	65	70	KHz
ΔF(shuffle) /F _{osc}	Frequency Shuffling Range		-4		4	%
T(shuffle)	Frequency Shuffling Period			32		ms
D _{MAX}	Maximum Switching Duty Cycle			66.7		%
F _{Bust}	Burst Mode Base Frequency			22		KHz
On-Chip Thermal Shutdown						
T _{SD}	Thermal Shutdown	(Note 3)		165		°C
T _{RC}	Thermal Recovery	(Note 3)		140		°C
Power MOSFET Section (Drain Pin)						
VBR	Power MOSFET Drain Source Breakdown Voltage		600			V
R _{dson}	Static Drain-Source On Resistance			10		Ω

Note1. Stresses listed as the above "Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

Note2. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

Note3. Guaranteed by the Design.



Characterization Plots





Operation Description

DP2353 is a high performance current mode PWM power switch for offline flyback converter, motor driver power supply, and adapter applications.

• System Start-Up Operation and IC Operation Current

Before the IC starts to work, it consumes only startup current (typically 2uA) which allows a large value startup resistor to be used to minimize the power loss and the current flowing through the resistor charges the VDD hold-up startup capacitor from the high voltage DC bus. When VDD reaches turn on threshold VDD ON (typical 21V), DP2353 begins switching and the IC operation current is increased to be 1mA (typical). The hold-up capacitor continues to supply VDD before the auxiliary winding of the transformer takes the control of VDD voltage. When the IC enters into burst mode, the IC operation current will decrease further, thus less than 75mW standby power.



Fig.1

• Oscillator with Frequency Shuffling

PWM switching frequency in DP2353 is fixed to 65KHz and is trimmed to tight range. To improve

• Green Mode Operation

Since the main power dissipation at light/zero load in a switching mode power supply is from the switching loss which is proportional to the PWM switching frequency. To meet green mode requirement, it is necessary to reduce the switching cycles under such conditions either by skipping some switching pulses or by reducing the switching frequency.

Smooth Frequency Foldback

In DP2353, a Proprietary "Smooth Frequency Foldback" function is integrated to foldback the PWM switching frequency when the loading is light. Compared to the other frequency reduction implementations, this technique can reduce the PWM frequency smoothly without audible noise.



Burst Mode Control

When the loading is very small, the system enters into burst mode. When VFB drops below Vskip, DP2353 will stop switching and output voltage starts to drop (as shown in Fig.3), which causes the VFB to rise. Once VFB rises above Vskip, switching resumes. Burst mode control alternately



enables and disables switching, thereby reducing switching loss in standby mode.



• Built-in Slope Compensation

In the conventional application, the problem of the stability is a critical issue for current mode controlling, when it operates in higher than 50% of the duty-cycle. In DP2353 the slope compensation circuit is integrated by adding voltage ramp onto the current sense input voltage for PWM generation. This greatly improves the close loop stability at CCM and prevents the sub-harmonic oscillation and thus reduces the output ripple voltage.

• Leading Edge Blanking (LEB)

Each time the power MOSFET is switched on, a turn-on spike occurs across the sensing resistor. The spike is caused by primary side capacitance and secondary side rectifier reverse recovery. To avoid premature termination of the switching pulse, an internal leading edge blanking circuit is built in. During this blanking period (250ns, typical), the PWM comparator is disabled and cannot switch off the gate driver.

• On Chip Thermal Shutdown (OTP)

When the IC temperature is over 165 °C, the IC shuts down. Only when the IC temperature drops to 140 °C, IC will restart.

• Soft Start

DP2353 features an internal 2ms (typical) soft start that slowly increases the threshold of cycleby-cycle current limiting comparator during startup sequence. It helps to prevent transformer saturation and reduce the stress on the secondary diode during startup. Every restart attempt is followed by a soft start activation.

• Constant Power Limiting

A proprietary "Constant Power Limiting" block is integrated to achieve constant maximum output power capability over universal AC input range. Based on the duty cycle information, the IC generates OCP threshold according to a proprietary analog algorithm.

• Over Load Protection (OLP)

If over load occurs, a fault is detected. If this fault is present for more than 75ms (typical), the protection will be triggered, the IC will experience an auto-recovery mode protection as mentioned above. The 75ms delay time is to prevent the false trigger from the power-on and turn-off transient.

• VDD Over Voltage Protection (OVP) and Zener Clamp

When VDD voltage is higher than 31V (typical), the IC will stop switching. This will cause VDD fall down to be lower than V_{DD_OFF} (typical 9V) and then the system will restart up again. An internal 35V (typical) zener clamp is integrated to prevent the IC from damage.

• CS Pin Float Protection

When VDD voltage is higher than V_{DD_ON} (21V typical), IC firstly starts to check whether CS pin is floated. If CS pin is floated, switching is blocked and IC enters auto-recovery mode; otherwise, normal work begins. With this protection, system stability is enhanced.



Auto Recovery Mode Protection

As shown in Fig.4, once a fault condition is detected, PWM switching will stop. This will cause VDD to fall because no power is delivered form the auxiliary winding. When VDD falls to V_{DD_OFF} (typical 9V), the protection is reset and the operating current reduces to the startup current, which causes VDD to rise. The system begins switching when VDD reaches to V_{DD_ON} (typical 21V). However, if the fault still exists, the system will experience the above mentioned process. If the fault has gone, the system resumes normal operation. In this manner, the auto restart can alternatively enable and disable the switching until the fault condition is disappeared.



• Soft Totem-Pole Gate Driver

DP2353 has a soft totem-pole gate driver with optimized EMI performance. An internal gate

clamp is added for power MOSFET gate protection when high VDD input.



Package Dimension



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max		Min	
A	1.350	1.750	A	1.350	
A1	0.100	0.250	A1	0.100	
A2	1.350	1.550	A2	1.350	
b	0.330	0.510	b	0.330	
С	0.170	0.250	С	0.170	
D	4.700	5.100	D	4.700	
е	1.270 (BSC)	0.050 (BSC)	е	1.270 (BSC)	
E1	5.800	6.200	E1	5.800	
E	3.800		4.0	000	
L	0.400	1.270	L	0.400	
θ	0°	8°	θ	0°	



Package Dimension



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches		
	Min	Max		Min	
A	1.350	1.750	А	1.350	
A1	0.100	0.250	A1	0.100	
A2	1.350	1.550	A2	1.350	
b	0.330	0.510	b	0.330	
С	0.170	0.250	С	0.170	
D	4.700	5.100	D	4.700	
е	1.270 (BSC)	0.050 (BSC)	е	1.270 (BSC)	
E1	5.800	6.200	E1	5.800	
E	3.800		4.000		
Ĺ	0.400	1.270	L	0.400	
θ	0°	8°	θ	0°	